

THE NATIONAL FINANCES.

The Fortcoming Report of the Secretary of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—The forthcoming report of the Secretary of the Treasury on national finances, has been completed and printed for distribution to the country on the day of its presentation to Congress. The views which it will present will not be new, so far as a line of financial policy will be laid down, yet the resume of facts and figures will show the national financial situation to be in a much more flattering condition than at the opening of the first session of the thirty-ninth Congress, and at the close of the fiscal year, June 30, 1865.

The coming report will show that the fiscal year, ending June 30, was one of great prosperity. The balance of the treasury on that day stood as follows:

Cash on hand June 30, 1865.....\$5,300,000
Cash on hand June 30, 1866.....\$12,981,250
Net gain.....\$7,681,250

The gold on hand was not estimated at a currency value, or else the balance would have exceeded \$150,000,000.

The receipts and expenditures for the years 1865 and 1866, the fiscal year ending June 30, 1866, are as follows:

Receipts from customs in gold.....\$170,000,000
from public lands.....650,000
from direct tax.....12,500,000
from internal revenue.....300,000,000
from miscellaneous sources.....65,125,000

Total receipts from all sources.....\$500,000,000
This revenue, it is believed, exceeds in amount that of any other nation on the globe for the same period.

Expenditures, civil foreign and miscellaneous.....\$41,000,000
Pensions to Indians.....12,500,000
War.....2,500,000
Naval.....45,125,000

Total.....\$500,000,000
The total receipts accrued during the last few months of the fiscal year, and is not a fair criterion of the ability of the Government to liquidate its debt. For instance, the war expenses for the quarter ending September 30, 1865, were \$165,000,000, but during the quarter ending June 30, 1866, they were but \$2,000,000. The balance in the Treasury in June, 1865, was but \$55,300,000. The year ending December 31, 1865, showed a deficiency in the Treasury of \$919,000,000. But six months from the time, June 30, 1866, there was an excess of receipts over expenditures of nearly \$3,700,000.

The estimates of the war department for expenditures for the coming fiscal year would be nearly \$24,000,000 less than for 1865, were it not for the equalizing bounty bill passed at the last session.

But the revenue from all sources for the next fiscal year is estimated by the Secretary in the neighborhood of \$600,000,000. The full expenditure for the next fiscal year is estimated within \$350,000,000, including interest on the national debt, and a fair sum over for a sinking fund.

The Treasury has withdrawn from circulation during the past six months the limit of ten million dollars of paper money. The total amount of United States legal tender notes in circulation is, therefore, \$386,000,000.

The most important and gratifying fact of the report will be in the reduction of the public debt. It will be shown that the public debt has been reduced during the last twelve months nearly two hundred millions of dollars. The actual figures of the reduction are \$193,637,721.

Seven millions of compound interest notes, legal tenders for their face, have been cancelled. Loans executed \$9,000,000. The full amount of currency authorized for national banks has been issued, which, with the last notes, gives a circulating medium of nearly \$700,000,000, not including the fractional currency.

On the 1st of last November the total, including the fractional currency, amounted to \$734,218,935 25, and \$95,000,000 of authorized national bank notes remained unused.

The Secretary of the Treasury will not present a new plan for returning to specie payment. He has changed none of the views he maintained in his last report. He believes the Secretary of the Treasury should have power to control the currency to the extent of being authorized at his discretion to fill bonds bearing interest, not exceeding six per cent., redeemable and payable at each period as may be conducive to the interests of the government, for the purpose of retiring all the notes.

He will ask Congress to authorize a loan of five per cent. bond, to be exempt from taxation, in which to fund the obligations that are soon to mature.

He will lay great stress on the question of urging Congress to adopt, at an early day, a fixed policy of contraction, which, when adopted, will cause the business of the country to gravitate to its specie. This may be reached without great disturbance of the resources or a wide-spread financial panic. He does not propose to state any definite term for the resumption of specie payment, but believes that, with a proper system, it can be attained with the retirement of over two hundred millions of United States notes.

THE FENIANS IN IRELAND.

Great Excitement Reported—The British Authorities Thoroughly Acquainted with the Fenian Plans.

Some of the following statements, in a Dublin letter of November 6th to the New York World, seem to gain support from the announcement of fresh arrests of Fenians in Ireland, contained in our cable dispatches of Saturday:

Affairs in Ireland at present are in the most uncertain state they have been for many years. The people are in a state of excitement bordering on madness, the Government is bewildered and perplexed, the military authorities are drilling and maneuvering, the police are arresting and locking up, the prison officials are complaining of want of accommodation, and the civic dignitaries are asserting there is no cause for alarm.

I know not if James Stephens be a spy—I think not; many here assert he is; but I do know that every action of the Fenian organization is made known to England, and not only that, but that if she liked she could at this moment lay her finger on every Fenian in Ireland. You may ask me how is this, and why she does not arrest them. You may say that England boasted of this knowledge months ago, and yet was palpably at fault. Even so, but since this time, within the last three weeks, the British authorities have been put in possession of information that, if Fenianism be treason, and if the punishment of treason be death, would consign one-half of the adult male population of the country to the gallows. Then why she does not do so I will afterward show. Permit me now to state a point. Some five weeks ago, a man came to this country, Sutton or Dutton, I can't say which, by name. He was said to be the accredited agent of Stephens here, and vested by him with full power; intrusted by him with all the secrets of the organization. This man has been bought, and is at this moment doing the work not for which he may have been sent here by James Stephens to do, but that for which he is paid by the British Government.

As the 1st of January approaches, the hopes of the Fenians are rising. They have no doubt but that Stephens will fulfill his promise of coming back to Ireland, and there is a rumor here that he is on his way. Though the Government has undoubtedly facilities for procuring information as regards the working of Fenianism here, unfortunately I am not so well situated. I can, through certain officials here, hear of the movements of the Government; but, even though your correspondent, I cannot but sufficiently high for unscrupulous traitors. Their figure is rather too lofty for my exchequer. However, I can put you in possession of some few important facts. During the last six weeks no less than 16,000 revolvers have been distributed through the Fenian Circles in Ireland. These weapons have been in the city stored for some time, having been purchased by James Stephens from an English manufacturing house. This will probably explain his seeming reluctance to account for moneys received from John Mitchell.

The various barracks in and about Dublin are being put in a state of defense. These preparations are not confined to Dublin and its environs. Similar works are being erected throughout the provinces. Twelve barracks are being greatly strengthened; Limerick the same way, and a large number of men are engaged in strengthening the old fortifications of Athlone Castle.

THE SHERMAN MISSION.—The Paris correspondent of the New York Times, writing on the 13th of November, says:

"The announcement by the cable of the departure of Gen. Sherman to Mexico, and your article by mail, stating that he would probably be sent, and why sent, arrived together yesterday, and appear in most of the papers this morning. As it is, there is great excitement; but it would have been greater but for your article, for, in the absence of all explanation, the sending of Gen. Sherman would have been construed into an act of hostility to France. The surprise is nevertheless great at seeing our Government going to work so rapidly, for, in the case of the French troops, was going to be able to maintain himself. The presence of Gen. Sherman cuts off that hope, and now at last even the bondholders admit that Mexico must go back to the republic."

HE WILL LAY GREAT STRESS ON THE QUESTION OF URGING CONGRESS TO ADOPT, AT AN EARLY DAY, A FIXED POLICY OF CONTRACTION, WHICH, WHEN ADOPTED, WILL CAUSE THE BUSINESS OF THE COUNTRY TO GRAVITATE TO ITS SPECIE. THIS MAY BE REACHED WITHOUT GREAT DISTURBANCE OF THE RESOURCES OR A WIDE-SPREAD FINANCIAL PANIC.

HE DOES NOT PROPOSE TO STATE ANY DEFINITE TERM FOR THE RESUMPTION OF SPECIE PAYMENT, BUT BELIEVES THAT, WITH A PROPER SYSTEM, IT CAN BE ATTAINED WITH THE RETIREMENT OF OVER TWO HUNDRED MILLIONS OF UNITED STATES NOTES.

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Connects with Memphis and Charleston Railroad in Tennessee, Memphis, Mobile, New Orleans, and all intermediate points.

Leaves Decatur at 5:55 A. M. Arrives at Nashville at 11:58 A. M. Connects at Nashville with Louisville and Nashville Railroad, for points East, North and Northwest and with evening trains to N. O. and N. & N. W. and E. & R. Railroads, for points on those lines.

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Leaves Nashville at 7:15 A. M. Arrives at Nashville at 10:00 A. M. Leaves Nashville at 3:00 P. M. Arrives at Columbia at 5:45 P. M.

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J. VAN DYKE, General Superintendent.

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WILL DELIVER GOOD HARD, MERCHANTABLE WOOD, anywhere, within the Corporation, at

FIVE DOLLARS PER CORD.

FULL CORDS guaranteed. Orders received at our store. nov29-1m

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TWO FINE BRICK DWELLINGS ON Cherry street, between Spring and Broad. Also, a fine dwelling and lot, corner of Spruce and McGraw streets—free territory. Also, the elegant residence of the late Dr. John M. Watson, on McLennan street, just outside of Corporation. Also, a number of building lots in city and the various additions to Nashville. Also, a number of farms of various sizes in Davidson, Maury, Sumner, Williamson, Wilson, and other counties in Tennessee. Also, a magnificent farm with good improvements, of from 1,200 to 1,400 acres, in Tennessee county. Also, one of the best cotton farms and the highest points on the Mississippi river. J. L. & R. W. BROWN, nov29-2w Real Estate Agents, 35 1/2 Union st.

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No. 10 Union Street, NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.

HAVE ON HAND A FINE STOCK OF NEW DRYGOODS, TRIMMINGS, ETC.

JOHN B. EVERETT AND JOHN W. MURRAY, who are carrying on the business of the above firm, would respectfully call the attention of their friends and of the public generally to this stock of NEW DRYGOODS.

Mr. Everett and Mr. Murray are, and always have been, residents of Nashville or its vicinity, and consequently are identified in interest with the people whose patronage they solicit.

Their house is the same occupied by J. B. Everett and H. R. Buchanan for the period of fourteen years previous to the war. They return to the business again, hoping to be able to patronage of a generous public. To their old friends and numerous customers they would say, "Come and see us," believing that the satisfaction and pleasure given will be a sufficient guarantee for the future. nov29-1m

NOTICE. I HAVE ADMITTED J. H. RUGGLES AS A partner in my business, dated from the 19th instant. NASHVILLE, NOV. 21, 1866. J. FLOWERS.

FALL TRADE.

WM. LYON & CO.,

Commission and Forwarding Merchants and Dealers.

WE WOULD ANNOUNCE TO OUR OLD CUSTOMERS, and the trading public generally, that we are now prepared with a large and well-assorted stock of

Iron, Castings, Copper, Nails, Spr in g's, Axes, Horse Shoes and Nails, Carriage and Machine Bolts,

Blacksmith Tools, Axes, Grindstones, Pump Chains and Tubing, Hammers, Collars, Log and Drawing Chains, Saws, Glue, Street Curbors, Corn-Shellers, Cement, Lead Plaster, Hubs, Spokes, Fellos, Cincinnati Steel and Pittsburgh Wrought Iron Plows, Water Filters. Also, the celebrated

Union Washing-Machines and various other articles in our line.

WM. LYON & CO., No. 46 South Market street, Nashville, Tennessee. apl3-3m

R. B. CHEATHAM & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS, DEALERS IN

FINE BRANDIES, WINES, DOMESTIC LIQUORS, TOBACCO, CIGARS,

etc., etc., Cor. College and Church Sts. NASHVILLE, TENN.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE

100 bags choice Rio Coffee. 125 bbls Crushed, Powdered and Granulated Sugar. 140 bbls Coffee Sugar. 50 " Mackerel, No. 1 and 2. 25 " " No. 3. 150 kits " No. 1, 2 and 3. 200 boxes Star Candles. 125 " Soap (assorted). 5 Tierces fresh Rice. 25 bbls Cider Vinegar. 650 " Extra Family Flour, Springfield and Port Royal Mills. 100 bbls, 1/2 bbls and kegs country Lard. 5 Tierces Dried Beef. 50 bbls N. O. Molasses and Syrup. 50 bbls Sorghum Molasses. 10000 bushels Cotton Seed. Together with an assortment of

FRESH CANNED FRUITS, SUCH AS

Strawberry, Peaches, Tomatoes, Pickles, Sardines, Brandy Peaches, Oysters, and Cherries, Worcester and Pepper Sauce, Spices, Pepper, etc., etc.

LIQUORS. AMONGST WHICH ARE

6 Pipes Fine Brandy, Hennessy, Olat, Dupey & Co., Pinto Castillon, vintage, 1849, '52, and '57. 34 United Vineyard, Proprietors, 1850. 4 Rochele. 3 Puncheons best Irish and Scotch Whisky. 2 Pipes Jamaica Rum. 6 Pipes N. E. 65 casks Sherry and Port Wine, all grades. 8 casks pure Malaga Wine. 4 Pipes pure Holland Gin. 75 boxes St. Marceaux Champagne. 30 " Cabinet. 65 " Heidick. 125 boxes Claret, very fine.

WHISKY. 10 bbls "Old Crow," 1855, warranted superior to any ever offered in Nashville. 185 bbls pure Robertson County, old and fine 130 " Bourbon, all grades. 23 " Apple Brandy, pure. 8 " Peach Brandy, pure.

Aniset, Curacao, Absynthe, Maraschino, Wampoo Drakes, Plantation and Bokers' Bitters and London Club. 5,000 Genuine Imported Havana Cigars. 110,000 Baltimore, all grades. Together with a general assortment of Staple and Fancy Groceries.

R. B. CHEATHAM & CO. nov11-1m

LeMOINE & WILLIAMSON, Architects.

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PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS AND ESTIMATES promptly executed. A variety of Drawings for Cottages, Villas, Hot Houses, Gardens, Parks, etc., to suit all tastes and tastes can be seen at this office.

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OLD ESTABLISHED HOUSE

Twenty-first FALL OPENING AT NASHVILLE, and positively closing out stock. Some at half price until the 20th of December. The stock consists of

\$5,000 WORTH

Bonnet, Hat, Sash, and Trimming Ribbons.

1,800 of the Latest New Styles of Hats, Bonnets, and a Beautiful Stock of Plumes of Every Style.

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Paris Flowers and Bridal Wreaths. New Style of Neck Chains, Head Nets, Etc. New Style Hair Waterfalls and Collars. 10 Fine Cloth Cloaks—some at \$10.00; 20 pieces French, all Wool, Merinos, at \$1.50. Ladies Sets of Furs at cost. A Large stock of Toys and Fancy Goods, Perfumery, etc., at cost. Woolen Hose, Comforters and Children's Room. N. B.—As my health requires a change of climate, I intend establishing myself in business at New York, leaving a branch of our house at Nashville, exclusively for Millinery Goods, and my residence East will give me superior advantages to select goods at greatly reduced prices, and the latest novelties as they come out East.

I trust our old friends will help us out at this time, and get good value for their money.

At 46 Union Street, Next door to the Bank of Tennessee.

CHANCERY SALES FOR

Saturday, December 15, 1866.

John B. Johnson vs. Samuel R. Morgan and others.

IN PURSUANCE OF A DECREE OF THE Chancery Court at Nashville in the above named cause, I will sell, at the Court House, at Nashville, on

Saturday, December 15th, 1866, No. 1. The undivided half of Lot No. 76, in the McNairy West Nashville property, said lot fronting 50 feet on McFarland street, and running back 100 feet, to a 15 foot alley.

No. 2. Tract of 4 acres and 30 poles, conveyed to S. R. Morgan by W. H. Howell. No. 3. Tract of 1/2 acre and 120 poles, conveyed to S. R. Morgan by L. R. Ray.

TERMS OF SALE:—Six and twelve months credit, with interest from day of sale. Notes required, with approved security, and lien retained. Sale free from redemption.

MORTON B. HOWELL, C. and M.

William H. Haslam and others vs. Catharine Haslam and others.

IN PURSUANCE OF DECREE OF CHANCERY Court at Nashville in above named cause, I will sell, at the Court House, at Nashville, on

Saturday, December 15th, 1866, No. 1. A tract of 7 1/2 acres, near the Nolensville Turnpike, on the road leading to Mill Creek Church, having upon it a neat frame house with four rooms, besides all needed stables, out-houses, etc. This place is about two and a half miles from the square and is just the thing for a small family who wish to live out of the city.

TERMS OF SALE:—Credit six, twelve, eighteen and twenty-four months, with interest from date. Notes required, with personal security, and lien retained. Sale free from redemption.

MORTON B. HOWELL, C. and M.

Elijah Dickson vs. Dennis Connor and others.

IN PURSUANCE OF A DECREE OF THE Chancery Court in above case, I will sell, at the Court House, at Nashville, on

Saturday, December 15th, 1866, The following two lots in North Nashville, to-wit: Commencing at the Northeast corner of Bellville and a street 33 feet wide, running 310 feet North, to an alley 10 feet wide, said alley being 110 feet south of Gay street; thence at right angles 110 feet to a stake; thence at right angles to the street aforesaid; thence at right angles 30 feet to the beginning on Bellville street.

No. 2. A lot fronting 20 feet on Bellville street, adjacent to the above, and running back 110 feet to an alley.

TERMS OF SALE:—Six and twelve months credit, with interest from day of sale. Notes required, with approved security, and lien retained. Sale free from redemption.

MORTON B. HOWELL, C. and M.

P. M. RYAN, MANUFACTURER OF FRENCH BUTTER MILL STONES.

MILL SPINDLES, MILL MACHINERY, and all descriptions of Steam Engines, Saw and Grist Mills, Hoisting Screws, Smut Machines, Grinding and Bolting Cloth, Screen Wire, Mill Pickers, Plaster of Paris, always on hand and made to order. All work sold by me warranted. I also contract for the erection of Flouring Mills. Corner of College and Broad Streets, Nashville, Tennessee. June 2-1y

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PRODUCE BROKER.

GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT,

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BY VIRTUE OF POWER IN ME VESTED by trust conveyance made by Judge Thomas Maney, deceased, and registered in the Registry's Office of Deeds, county of Tennessee, in book No. 32, pages 204, 205 and 206, I will, on

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1866, Offer at public sale, on the premises, corner of Broad and McLennan streets, in the city of Nashville, the residence of the late Judge Thomas Maney, deceased, and the adjacent grounds, fronting 247 feet on Broad street and 327 on McLennan street. This desirable residence, with a lot fronting 79 feet on Broad street and 160 feet on McLennan, will be sold separately. The other grounds will be sold in lots of convenient size, and will comprise some of the most eligible sites for building purposes in or around Nashville. The whole of this handsome property is FREE FROM TAXATION, and affords this advantage of economy in investment, with the prospect of great increase in value.

Plans of lots will be exhibited and terms made known on day of sale.

WM. L. MURPHREE, Trustee. ANDERSON, JOHNSON & SMITH, Agents. nov8-4ds

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JOSEPH W. ALLEN, President. A. W. BUTLER, Secretary.

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Important to Travelers and Shippers BETWEEN LOUISVILLE AND THE EAST THE ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY (BROAD GAUGE)

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From Cincinnati to New York, Boston, &c., and is the only direct route to the

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